EXCERPTS FROM THE CONNECTICUT TIDAL WETLANDS ACT,
CONNECTICUT GENERAL STATUTES

Sec. 22a-28.
Preservation of tidal wetlands. Declaration of policy. It is declared that much
of the wetlands of this state has been lost or despoiled by unregulated dredg­
ing, dumping, filling and like activities and the remaining wetlands of this state
are all in jeopardy of being lost or despoiled by these and other activities, that
such loss of despoliation will adversely affect, if not entirely eliminate, the value
of such wetlands as sources of nutrients to finfish, crustacea and shellfish of sig­
nificant economic value; that such loss or despoliation will destroy such wet­
lands as habitats for plants and animals of significant economic value and will
eliminate or substantially reduce marine commerce, recreation and aesthetic
enjoyment; and that such loss or despoliation will, in most cases, disturb the
natural ability of tidal wetlands to reduce flood damage and adversely affect
the public health and welfare; that such loss or despoliation will substantially
reduce the capacity of such wetlands to absorb silt and will thus result in the
increased silting of channels and harbor areas to the detriment of free naviga­
tion. Therefore, it is declared to be the public policy of this state to preserve
the wetlands and to prevent the despoliation and destruction thereof.

Sec. 22a-29. Definitions.
(2) "Wetland" means those areas which border on or lie beneath tidal waters,
such as, but not limited to banks, bogs, salt marsh, swamps, meadows, flats, or
other low lands subject to tidal action, including those areas now or formerly
connected to tidal waters, and whose surface is at or below an elevation of one
foot above local extreme high waters; and upon which may grow or be capable
of growing some, but not necessarily all, of the following: (list of plants that
occur in tidal salt, brackish and freshwater marshes).

(3) "Regulated activity" means any of the following: Draining, dredging, excava­
tion or removal of soil, mud, sand, gravel, aggregate of any kind or rubbish
from any wetland or the dumping, filling or depositing thereon of any soil,
stones, sand, gravel, mud, aggregate of any kind, rubbish or similar material,
either directly or otherwise, and the erection of structures, driving of pilings,
or placing of obstructions, whether or not changing the tidal ebb and flow.
Notwithstanding the foregoing, "regulated activity" shall not include activities
conducted by the mosquito control division of the department of health ser­
tices, conservation activities of the state department of environmental protec­
tion, the construction or maintenance of aids to navigation which are authori­
zized by governmental authority and the emergency decrees of any duly
appointed health officer of a municipality acting to protect the public health;

Section 22a-32.
ated activity shall be conducted upon any wetland without a permit. Any per­
sion proposing to conduct or cause to be conducted a regulated activity upon
any wetland shall file an application for a permit with the commissioner (of
DEP), in such form and with such information as the commissioner may pre­
scribe. Such application shall include a detailed description of the proposed
work and a map showing the area of wetland directly affected, with the loca­tion
of the proposed work thereon, together with the names of the owners of
record of adjacent land and known claimants of water rights in or adjacent to
the wetland of whom the applicant has notice.

Sec. 22a-33.
Issuance or denial of permit. In granting, denying or limiting any permit the
commissioner or his duly designated hearing officer shall consider the effect
of the proposed work with reference to the public health and welfare, marine
fisheries, shellfisheries, wildlife, the protection of life and property from flood,
hurricane and other natural disasters.